# ELDERPARK HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Registered Housing Association Number: HAL 108

Charity Registration Number: SCO32823

FCA Reference Number: 1840RS

#### **ELDERPARK HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED**

#### **CONTENTS**

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE, EXECUTIVES AND ADVISERS	1
REPORT FROM THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE	2
REPORT BY THE AUDITOR ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS	10
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	11
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	16
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	17
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	18
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES	19
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	20

### ELDERPARK HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE, EXECUTIVES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

#### Members of the management committee

Maureen McDonald Chairperson
Janice Shields Vice Chair
Ann McEachan Secretary
Lindsay Roches Member

Douglas Muir Member
Kirsty Wilson Member
Kirsty Stoddart Member
Duncan Smith Member

Melanie Gilmour Member Appointed 20/09/2023
Eileen McCallum Member Appointed 20/09/2023
Veronica McLaughlin Member Appointed 20/09/2023
Craig Reid Member Appointed 20/09/2023

**Executive officers** 

Gary Dalziel Chief Executive Officer

David Adam Director of Maintenance Services

James McGeough Director of Finance & Corporate Services Retired 22/12/2023

Aidan McGuinness Director of Housing & Customer Services

Helen Sutherland Director of Finance & Corporate Services Appointed 01/05/2024

Resigned 20/09/2023

Registered office

65 Golspie Street

Glasgow G51 3AX

Auditor

French Duncan LLP trading as AAB Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 133 Finnieston Street Glasgow

G3 8HB

**Bankers** 

Royal Bank of Scotland PLC Nationwide Building Society Allia Limited Virgin Money 36 St Andrew Square Kings Park Road 30 St Vincent Place King's Hedges Road Edinburgh Northampton Glasgow Cambridge EH2 2AD NN3 6NW G1 2HL CB4 2HY

The Charity Bank Limited 182 High Street Tonbridge TN9 1BE

**Solicitors** 

T C Young 7 West George Street Glasgow G2 1BA

The Management Committee presents their report and the audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

#### **Legal Status**

The Association is a registered non-profit making organisation under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 No. 1840R (S). The Association is governed under its Rule Book. The Association is a Registered Scottish Charity with the charity number SCO32823.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Association is the provision of good quality social housing at an affordable rent. Our Vision Statement is that Elderpark Housing Association will lead the way in delivering outstanding customer services and great places to live.

#### Objectives

Our Rules state that the objects of the Association are:

- To provide for the relief of those in need by reason of age, ill-health, disability, financial hardship or other disadvantage through the provision, construction, improvement and management of land and accommodation and the provision of care
- any other purpose or object permitted under Section 24 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 which is charitable both for the purposes of Section 7 of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and also in relation to the application of the Taxes Acts
- the permitted activities and powers of the Association will include anything which is necessary or expedient to help the Association achieve these objects; and
- the Association shall not trade for profit

Elderpark Housing Association's Business Plan covers the period 2021-2025 and this key strategic document communicates the vision, objectives and strategic direction of the Association and provides a framework for implementation.

Our Vision is of 'a vibrant neighbourhood where everyone can prosper'.

#### Our Strategic Objectives are:

- To deliver high-quality, modern services.
- To provide good-quality, desirable and sustainable homes & neighbourhoods.
- · To work with others effectively and innovatively.
- To support our people reach their full potential.
- · To remain a financially-strong, well-governed, and resilient business.
- To encourage our customers & community to participate.
- To work to meet the needs & aspirations of our communities.

To deliver upon our vision and strategic objectives the association develops a suite of business objectives to be achieved over the course of the year which will focus on achieving against each of these areas.

#### **Risk Management**

The Association places high importance on Risk Management and our recently revised policy and risk management framework has proved beneficial in managing risk. In 2022 a newly developed Strategic Risk Register was implemented which was clearer and easier to understand and placed an increased emphasis on those risks which were of a strategic nature. The day to day administration of the Strategic Risk Register is carried out by our Governance and Compliance Manager, under the direction of the Director of Finance and Corporate Services and Chief Executive, who would take the lead in co-ordinating and reporting to the Audit, Finance and Risk Sub-Committee on a quarterly basis on the risks to the Association and the control measures which are in place. The risk score of each strategic risk determines the frequency of review to ensure that those risks which present the greatest likelihood and severity are monitored and considered at more regular intervals than those which present a lower risk to the Association. It is the responsibility of the Senior Management Team to consider these risks at regular intervals ensuring that appropriate controls are in place and the full Strategic Risk Register is further reported to the Management Committee at six monthly intervals.

Operational Risks are those which affect the day to day operations of Elderpark Housing and following a recommendation from an Internal Audit in 2023/24 Operational Risk Registers were developed. Our Operational Risk Register are designed to focus on the aspects relevant to particular departments which could present a risk to the association and while these in general terms will not be strategic they should all flow into the overall Strategic Risk Register.

The Association manages risks in a variety of ways. Recognition of these risks is considered in a number of ways including:

- clarity around the Management Committee's appetite to risk; understanding that risk is as much about opportunities as it is about threats
- having a clear methodology for analysing and reporting on risks including both the overall risks and the individual risks relevant to each specific area of work; project or activity
- inclusion of risk as an element within every Management Committee report ensuring it is considered within the decision making process
- and a recognition that the purpose of effective risk management is about having a clear set of principles around how we seek to avoid, accept, transfer or reduce the risk.

The Scottish Housing Regulator's Publication 'The Risks We Will Focus On' published in November 2023 cites that they consider the main areas of risk to the sector to be:

- Homelessness How local authorities deliver services for people who are threatened with, or
  experiencing, homelessness. This includes providing people who need it with suitable temporary
  accommodation and how they are working with their RSL partners to provide settled homes. We will also
  consider RSL performance in responding to requests for assistance, limiting the time people spend in
  temporary accommodation.
- Performance in delivering services How local authorities and RSLs deliver services for their tenants and meet the standards and outcomes from the Scottish Government's Social Housing Charter. This will also include how landlords that provide Gypsy/Travellers sites ensure minimum site standards and fire safety requirements to meet the needs of residents.

- Development How RSLs manage the delivery of any plans for building new homes.
- Quality of homes How local authorities and RSLs ensure that the homes they provide to tenants meet
  the Scottish Housing Quality Standard, and whether they have a good understanding of the condition of
  those homes.
- Tenant and resident safety How local authorities and RSLs meet their statutory obligations on tenant and resident safety.
- **Financial health of RSLs** How financially healthy RSLs are and how well they manage their money with a focus on financial planning and compliance with Regulatory Standard 3.
- Good governance of RSLs How well RSLs are run with a focus on compliance with Regulatory Standards.

Taken from <a href="https://www.housingregulator.gov.scot/landlord-performance/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on-november-2023/">www.housingregulator.gov.scot/landlord-performance/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on/the-risks-we-will-focus-on-november-2023/</a>

The risks identified by the Scottish Housing Regulator are all relevant to Elderpark Housing and topics like stock condition, tenant safety, service quality, financial health and governance will continue to be areas of potential risk and contained within our Strategic Risk Register. In addition to these risk we are also cognisant to the current operating environment and some of the external challenges which place increased risks on the association in areas including:

- Changes to local, national or UK policy and legislation as a Registered Social Landlord (RSL) we are impacted heavily by changes within the legislative and policy context in which we operate. 2023/24 saw ongoing political uncertainty which has been even further heightened in recent months and political uncertainty and change in any given year will bring potential changes in approach and priorities which the association must respond to. We seek to continue to keep abreast of any changes to legislation and policy through participation in events, ongoing training and development and attendance at relevant conferences and training.
- Changes in the economic environment the last few years has seen extreme turbulence within the
  economic environment both on a UK and worldwide level and this has had significant impact in relation to
  costs, inflation and interest rates, energy prices, availability of labour and the overall impacts of the 'cost
  of living crisis'. Elderpark Housing continues to monitor the external economic environment and takes
  decisions on income and expenditure ensuring the options chosen do not create a financial risk to the
  organisation.
- Data security, integrity and the protection of individuals data is a risk which Elderpark Housing takes
  consideration of in line with the General Data Protection Regulations and ensure that appropriate policies
  and systems are in place to minimise the potential of this risk occurring.
- The increasing frequency of cybercrime or cyber-attacks is an area of risk which has become more prevalent
  in recent years and we ensure that we have appropriate IT systems combined with clear financial
  procedures which mitigates the risk of Elderpark Housing being compromised with regards to this risk albeit
  it is recognised that the expertise of those engaged with cybercrime means we should never be complacent
  to the risk it presents.
- While not a monetary risk the association recognises that there is an increasing demand on our services supporting those most vulnerable in our society. This increased focus on those in most need adds potential risks in terms of services to our tenants and residents and the challenges for employees in managing and supporting tenants with additional support and mental health needs

These are a selection of the risks and for any organisation there are also a range of internal risks which we seek to

mitigate including limiting the potential for the loss of key personnel, the development of strong and clear financial procedures which specify the processes and scheme of financial delegation within Elderpark Housing, actively seeking out partnerships which reduces the risk in terms of delivery of any specific activities or services, a regular cycle of policy review and strong governance mechanisms in terms of our Management Committee reporting.

It should always be recognised that most risk management processes inevitably focus upon the 'known' factors that we have an awareness of, along with the wider understanding and knowledge that has been accrued in the organisation. We should always be aware that there may also be occasions when issues will arise that we could not have reasonably been expected to know. The recent global pandemic, conflicts in Ukraine and the middle East, the cost of living crisis and political uncertainty are prime examples of external circumstances which have arisen in recent times which we could not reasonably have expected to foresee. The continuing pace of change and uncertainty in the world places even greater importance identifying, analysing and seeking to mitigate the risks beyond those which are easily identified. While the focus will, in most cases, be on those risks which are more likely to have an impact, an awareness along with some forms of mitigation for those less likely risks should form a part of any effective risk management strategy.

#### Review of business and future developments

The Management Committee are satisfied that the Association remains in a satisfactory position both financially and in terms of our business. Net Assets now stand at £16,445,240 (2023 - £16,121,687). Surplus for the year, pre pension re-measurement, was £696,546 (2023 - £995,145).

The 12 months from April 2023 until March 2024 remained a challenging time for the association dealing with the repercussions of the significant external events which have affected the UK and Global Economy as a whole through the global pandemic, the ongoing conflicts across the world, the extreme cost of living crisis which saw inflation, interest rates, energy prices and the costs of labour and materials rise sharply into the financial year. The cost of living crisis also prompted the Scottish Government to introduce temporary legislation through their Cost of Living (Tenant Protection) (Scotland) Act 2022 which amongst other things considered a potential 'rent cap' which although didn't transpire into a legislative requirement it placed a level of uncertainty across the sector and did have an effect on the rent increases applied which were significantly below inflation at the time.

Overall, the Association has seen another positive year in 2023/24 with our performance across most of the key services we provide to our tenants and residents remaining consistent with previous years with one of the most stark issues identified being that the number of our homes that became empty in the year reduced significantly from the previous year and this continuing trend places greater pressure on the association seeking to meet the demand for homes within our community.

In the year there remained a significant focus on external audits of our tenant safety systems with each of the six key areas - asbestos management, fire safety, electrical safety, legionella, lifts and gas safety being subject to an audit through an external Health and Safety specialist. Positively each of these audits were awarded 'substantial assurance' which identified that we had effective systems in place however we recognise ensuring that tenant health and safety is a core part of our activities the audits did identify a range of recommendations provided which the association will seek to implement during 2024/25.

The association continues to place a significant focus on the governance of the organisation and during the year a range of Internal Audit exercises were undertaken on topics such as procurement, customer care, payroll, budgetary controls and void management. In addition the association continued to develop our governance approach utilising external consultants to conduct our annual committee review process and the appraisal of our

Chief Executive. To ensure effective governance the association also reviewed and renewed a significant number of policies in the year across all aspects of service.

We continued to experience some change within our staff team in 2023/24 with a number of colleagues leaving the association and in particular our long standing Director of Finance and Corporate Services who retired following over 20 years service with Elderpark Housing. Sadly, the association also experienced a difficult period in the year with significant and unforeseen ill-health of a number of valued colleagues coupled with the sad passing of our Finance Officer, Angela who had worked with us for many years.

Recognising the on-going need for new homes in the area the association has worked closely with the JR Group and architects on plans to develop on a potential site at Nimmo Drive which was home to our community centre and an adjacent industrial building. Planning permission and grant funding for this project, which will see 43 new flats built on these site, was granted at the end of the financial year and culminated in the association purchasing the industrial unit at a cost of just over £300,000 which was funded through the Housing Association grant provided by Glasgow City Council through the Scottish Government's Affordable Housing Supply Programme. Demolition of the existing sites will take place during 2024/25 with construction work due to commence during 2024 with a completion timeframe estimated for spring 2026.

The Association is regulated by the Scottish Housing Regulator and is required to comply with the Regulatory Framework including submitting an Annual Assurance Statement to the Scottish Housing Regulator which confirms how compliant (or otherwise) the Association was in meeting the requirements contained within the Regulatory Framework and the Regulatory Standards of Governance and Financial Management.

The assurance statement which was submitted to the Scottish Housing Regulator confirmed that from our assessment we were compliant with the framework. In addition the Association submits various returns to the Scottish Housing Regulator and these form part of the risk assessment process they undertake annually to determine the level of engagement they will seek to have and whether an organisation is 'Compliant', 'Working towards compliance' or 'Compliant (Under Review)'. In early April 2024 the Scottish Housing Regulator considered the Association to be compliant with only the standard returns required.

In the year the Association completed over 4,500 repairs to our tenant's homes with emergency repairs completed on average within less than two hours and routine repairs in just under 5 days. The expenditure for our reactive repairs service was £816,834 in the year. Together with our day to day repairs the association also invested heavily in improving our homes with approximately £780,000 spent on replacing kitchens, bathrooms and heating systems and repairing stonework.

During the year the association also acquired four properties at a cost of over £300,000 with the majority funded through the Affordable Housing Supply programme.

Partnership working remained a constant theme within the Association and we sought to work with local organisations and those with a common interest throughout the year. We have worked closely over the year with partners including Govan Housing Association, Linthouse Housing Association, Thriving Places, CGAP, Together for Childhood Govan, Park Villa, Aberlour, No1 Befriending Agency, Impact Arts, Moogety Foods and many others often to try and support community activities and engagement across the area. We commenced a revised funded Energy Advice Project working with Govan and Linthouse Housing Associations which provided each Association with an energy advisor for a two year period and over the course of the year this provided significant financial benefits to our local community. The association was also able to successfully attain a range of funding from various sources to deliver a range of projects in the local community including £100,000 from the SFHA administered fuel support fund which distributed fuel vouchers and other energy saving goods to residents in our community.

The rent increase for the year 2023/24 was set at 6% which remained below inflation at the time of approving and while inflation has begun to stabilise throughout 2023/24 the association was still seeing cost pressures in areas of our service particularly repairs and maintenance.

Finally, the Association remains in a strong position financially with a healthy cash balance and strong borrowing capacity. Our business plan sets out a strong vision for growing the organisation together with the primary role of enhancing our homes and communities and providing excellent services to our tenants and residents and we remain confident that we have the resources in terms of finances, people, systems and homes to allow us to meet these objectives going forward.

#### **Committee of Management and Executive Officers**

The members of the Management Committee and the Executive Officer are listed on page 1. Each member of the Management Committee holds one fully paid share of £1 in the Association. Members of the Management Board are unpaid.

The governance structures are focused on our governing body, the Management Committee. Our Standing Orders state that our Management Committee will meet at least six times per year and during 2023/24 there were 10 meetings of the Management Committee. The Association has an Audit, Finance and Risk sub-committee (which will meet quarterly), Housing and Maintenance sub-committee (which will meet six monthly) and Staffing sub-committee (which will meet when the need arises).

The Chief Executive, and other senior managers of the Association, are salaried staff. However, they hold no interest in the Association's share capital. Although not having the legal status of Trustees, they act within Financial Regulations and a Scheme of Delegated Authority laid down by the Management Committee.

#### **Going Concern**

The Management Committee has reviewed the results for this year and has also reviewed the projections for the next five years and thirty years. The Management Committee has considered the risks associated with its activities and has updated its plans and financial projections to ensure that it is able to manage those risks to minimise any financial implications and uncertainties. It therefore has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the going concern basis has been adopted in these financial statements.

#### Statement of Management Committee's responsibilities

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires the Management Committee to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of the surplus or deficit of the Association for that year. In preparing those Financial Statements, the Management Committee is required to:-

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements;

- Prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business;
- Prepare a statement on Internal Financial Control.

The Management Committee is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association and to enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements - 2019. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. It is also responsible for ensuring the Association's suppliers are paid promptly.

The Management Committee must, in determining how amounts are presented within items in the statement of comprehensive income and statement of financial position, have regard to the substance of the reported transaction or arrangement, in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices.

In so far as the Management Committee are aware:

- There is no relevant audit information (information needed by the Housing Association's auditor in connection with preparing their report) of which the Association's auditor is unaware, and
- The Management Committee have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware
  of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Housing Association's auditor is aware of that
  information.

#### Statement on Internal Financial Control

The Management Committee acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- The reliability of financial information used within the Association, or for publication;
- · The maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- The safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Management Committee's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of Internal Financial Control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. Key elements of the Association's systems include ensuring that:

- Formal policies and procedures are in place, including the ongoing documentation of key systems and rules
  relating to the delegation of authority, which allow the monitoring of controls and restrict the unauthorised
  use of Association's assets;
- Experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance;

- Forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the management team and the Management Committee
  to monitor key business risks, financial objectives and the progress being made towards achieving the
  financial plans set for the year and for the medium term;
- Quarterly financial management reports are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up to date financial and other information, with significant variances from budget being investigated as appropriate;
- Regulatory returns are prepared, authorised and submitted promptly to the relevant regulatory bodies;
- All significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures, through the Management Committee;
- The Management Committee receive reports from management and from the external and internal auditors to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed and that a general review of the major risks facing the Association is undertaken; and
- Formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct any weaknesses identified through internal or external audit reports.

The Management Committee has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control in existence in the Association for the year ended 31 March 2024. No weaknesses were found in the internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies or uncertainties which require disclosure in the financial statements or in the auditor's report on the financial statements.

#### **Auditors**

A resolution to re-appoint the auditor, French Duncan LLP trading as AAB, Chartered Accountants, will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

#### **Charitable Donations**

During the year the Association made charitable donations amounting to £1,340 (2023 - £7,590)

By order of Management Committee.

Ann McEachan
Secretary
Date:

27th Avgrat 2024

### REPORT BY THE AUDITOR TO THE MEMBERS OF ELDERPARK HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MATTERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

In addition to our audit of the Financial Statements, we have reviewed your statement on page 8 and 9 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls contained in the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

#### **Basis of opinion**

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements relating to corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2006/5 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reasons given for non-compliance.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on pages 8 and 9 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards with the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

Through enquiry of certain members of The Management Committee and Officers of the Association, and examination of relevant documents, we have satisfied ourselves that The Management Committee's Statement on Internal Financial Control appropriately reflects the Association's compliance with the information required by the relevant Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial controls within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advice Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls.

French Duncan LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 133 Finnieston Street GLASGOW G3 8HB

Date: 11/09/2024.

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Elderpark Housing Association Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024 which comprise a statement of comprehensive income, statement of financial position, statement of cash flows, statement of changes in capital and reserves and related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2024 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements February 2019.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs UK) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the housing association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Management Committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the housing associations ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Management Committee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information contained in the Management Committee's report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Management Committee are responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you, if in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- the Association has not kept proper accounting records; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account of the Association; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of committee members

As explained more fully in the Management Committee's responsibilities statement set out on page 7 and 8, the committee members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Management Committee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management Committee are responsible for assessing the housing association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the committee members either intend to liquidate the housing association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
sufficient and appropriate to provide the basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material

misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
  of the housing association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the committee members.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management Committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the housing association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
  manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

#### The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the responsible individual ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities, and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the association through discussions with management and management committee members and from our sector knowledge;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations, including those specified by the Scottish Housing Regulator, which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the association, including the Co-operative and Community Benefits Societies Act 2014, Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers 2018 and Determination of Housing Requirements 2019, and data protection, anti-bribery, employment, and health and safety legislation;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and committee members; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the association's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management and management committee members as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected, and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed high level analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- · reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- reviewing internal audit reports prepared during the year;
- enquiring of management and management committee members as to actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- reviewing correspondence with Scottish Housing Regulator.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance.

Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the management committee and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Association's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 87 of the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

French Duncan LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 133 Finnieston Street GLASGOW G3 8HB

Date: 11/09/2024

# ELDERPARK HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

			2024		2023
	Notes		£		£
Revenue	2		7,879,722		7,737,271
Operating costs	2	-	(6,612,973)		(6,189,877)
On a service a second to	2.0		1 266 740		1,547,394
Operating surplus	2, 8	122 575	1,266,749	20.125	1,347,334
Interest receivable and other similar income	_	122,575		39,135	
Interest payable and other similar charges	7	(692,778)	2 2	(591,384)	
		-	(570,203)		(552,249)
Surplus for the year			696,546		995,145
			,		•
Other comprehensive income					
Actuarial losses in respect of pension					
scheme	21		(373,000)		(340,000)
Total comprehensive income			323,546		655,145

The results for the year relate wholly to continuing activities.

The financial statements were approved by the Management Committee, authorised for issue, and signed on its

Ann McEachan
Secretary

Maureen McDonald
Chairperson

Kirsty Wilson
Committee member

The notes on page 20 to 41 form part of these financial statements.

# ELDERPARK HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

				2024		2023
		Notes		£		£
Non-current	assets					
Housing prop	erties - depreciated cost	10(a)		66,061,514		67,051,879
Other tangibl	e fixed assets	10(b)		3,368,398		3,466,922
				69,429,912		70,518,801
Current asset	ts					
Debtors		11	899,351		337,365	
Cash at bank	and in hand		4,408,398		4,062,556	
			5,307,749		4,399,921	
Creditors:	amounts falling due					
	within one year	12	(1,849,221)	•	(1,785,517)	
Net current a	assets			3,458,528		2,614,404
Total assets I	ess current liabilities			72,888,440		73,133,205
Creditors:	amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(14,054,517)		(14,149,589)
Provisions fo	r liabilities					
	pension - defined benefit liability	21		(646,000)		(260,000)
Deferred inco	ome					
Social housin	g grants	16		(40,962,397)		(41,794,272)
Other grants		16		(780,286)		(807,657)
				16,445,240		16,121,687
Equity						
Share capital		17		596		589
Revenue rese	erve	17		16,444,644		16,121,098
				16,445,240		16,121,687

The financial statements were approved by the Management Committee, authorised for issue, and signed on its behalf on 27th Avivat 2524



The notes on page 20 to 41 form part of these financial statements.

# ELDERPARK HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Notes		2024 £		2023 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities	14	ū	1,902,454		1,882,002
Investing activities					
Acquisition and construction of housing	40(-)	(4 440 755)		(2.040.075)	
properties	10(a)	(1,410,755)		(2,010,875)	
Purchase of other fixed assets	10(b)	(8,350)		(20,694)	
Grants received	16	590,614	(020,401)	111,050	(1.020.510)
Net cash outflow from investing activities			(828,491)		(1,920,519)
Net cash inflow/ (outflow) before			1,073,963		(38,517)
financing			1,073,303		(38,317)
Financing activities					
Issue of ordinary share capital	17	7		4	
Interest received		122,575		39,135	
Interest paid		(491,511)		(396,549)	
Loan principal repayments	15	(359,192)		(399,284)	
Net cash outflow from financing			(728,121)		(756,694)
			, ==,= ,		
Increase/(Decrease) in cash			345,842		(795,211)
Opening cash and cash equivalents			4,062,556		4,857,767
Closing cash and cash equivalents			4,408,398		4,062,556
Cash and cash equivalents at the year end	compris	e:			
Cash at bank and in hand			4,408,398		4,062,556
Bank overdrafts			-		-
			4,408,398		4,062,556

The notes on page 20 to 41 form part of these financial statements.

# ELDERPARK HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Share capital	Revenue reserve	Total
	£	£	£
Balance as at 1 April 2023	589	16,121,098	16,121,687
Issue of shares	7	-	7
Cancelled shares	-	-	-
Surplus for year	-	696,546	696,546
Other comprehensive income	*	(373,000)	(373,000)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	596	16,444,644	16,445,240
	Share	Revenue	
	capital	reserve	Total
	£_	£	£
Palance as at 1 April 2022			
Balance as at 1 April 2022	585	15,465,953	15,466,538
Issue of shares	585 4	15,465,953	15,466,538 4
		15,465,953 - -	
Issue of shares		15,465,953 - - 995,145	
Issue of shares Cancelled shares		-	-
Issue of shares  Cancelled shares  Surplus for year		- 995,145	995,145

#### 1. Principal accounting policies

#### Legal status

The Association is incorporated under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and is registered by the Financial Conduct Authority. The Association is a Public Benefit Entity in terms of its compliance with Financial Reporting Standard 102.

#### Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers 2018 and comply with the requirements of the Determination of Housing Requirements 2019 as issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Association's accounting policies (see below).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### Going concern

The Association has considerable financial resources together with long term arrangements with its tenants who are protected by the Scottish Secure Tenancy agreement. As a consequence, the Management Committee believe that the Association is well placed to manage its business risks successfully.

The Management committee monitor the operations and performance of the Association through reports provided at their monthly meetings and they have a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

The Association has taken into account the current economic situation and the cost of living crisis, in its consideration and is satisfied that the Association has adequate resources to manage the impact on an ongoing basis.

#### Revenue

The Association recognises rent receivable net of losses from voids. Service Charge Income (net of voids) is recognised as expenditure is incurred as this is considered to be the point when the service has been performed and the revenue recognition criteria is met.

Government Grants are released to income over the expected useful life of the asset to which it relates.

#### Retirement benefits

The Association participates in the Scottish Housing Association Defined Benefits Pension Scheme and retirement benefits to employees of the Association are funded by the contributions from all participating employers and employees in the Scheme. Payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting Actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating Associations taken as a whole.

The Association accounts for the pension scheme on a defined benefit basis based on its share of scheme assets and liabilities as determined by the actuary. Defined benefit costs are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within operating costs. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. Further details are disclosed in the notes to the accounts.

#### 1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

#### Housing properties

Housing Properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Housing under construction and Land are not depreciated. The Association depreciates housing properties by major component on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful economic lives of each identified component. All components are categorised as Housing Properties within note 10. Impairment reviews are carried out if events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the components listed below is higher than the recoverable amount.

Component	Useful Economic Life
Structure Roof Windows Lifts External Fabric	50 years 40 years 40 years 40 years
Bathrooms Composite Flooring	35 years 25 years
Kitchens Door Entry Heating	20 years 20 years 15 years

#### Depreciation and impairment of other non-current assets

Non-Current Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged on a straight-line basis over the expected economic useful lives of the assets at the following annual rates:-

Heritable Office Property	- 2%	Straight Line
Office Improvements	-20%	Reducing Balance
Fixtures, Fittings & Equipment	-20%	Reducing Balance

The carrying value of non-current assets is reviewed for impairment at the end of each reporting year.

#### Social Housing Grant and Other Grants in Advance/Arrears

Social Housing Grants and Other Capital Grants are accounted for using the Accrual Method as outlined in Section 24 of Financial Reporting Standard 102. Grants are treated as deferred income and recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the property and assets to which it relates.

Social Housing Grant attributed to individual components is written off to the Statement of Comprehensive Income when these components are replaced.

Social Housing Grant received in respect of revenue expenditure is credited to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the same year as the expenditure to which it relates.

Although Social Housing Grant is treated as a grant for accounting purposes, it may nevertheless become repayable in certain circumstances, such as the disposal of certain assets. The amount repayable would be restricted to the net proceeds of sale.

#### 1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

#### Sales of housing properties

First tranche Shared Ownership disposals are credited to turnover on completion. The cost of construction of these sales is taken to operating cost. In accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice, disposals of subsequent tranches are treated as non-current asset disposals with the gain or loss on disposal shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Disposals under shared equity schemes are accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The remaining equity in the property is treated as a non-current asset investment, which is matched with the grant received.

#### **Estimation uncertainty**

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires the Management Committee to exercise judgement in applying the Association's Accounting Policies. The areas requiring a higher degree of judgement, or complexity, and areas where assumptions or estimates are most significant to the financial statements, is disclosed below:

#### Rent arrears - bad debt provision

The Association assesses the recoverability of rent arrears through a detailed assessment process which considers: tenant payment history, arrangements in place, and court action.

#### Life cycle of components

The Association estimates the useful lives of major components of its housing property with reference to surveys carried out by external qualified surveyors.

#### Useful lives of other fixed assets

The useful lives of other fixed assets are based on the knowledge of senior management at the Association with reference to expected asset life cycles.

#### **Pension liabilities**

This has relied on the actuarial assumptions of qualified actuaries which have been reviewed and are considered reasonable and appropriate. Assumptions in respect of discount rates and inflation will vary from year to year, as will the value of assets and will be dependent on circumstances at the date of valuation.

#### **Housing Grants**

The Association estimates amortisation of grant based on the useful lives of major components of its housing property with reference to surveys carried out by external qualified surveyors.

#### Leases/leased assets

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the Statement of Financial Position and are depreciated over their useful lives.

#### 1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

#### Works to existing properties

The Association capitalises major repairs expenditure where these works result in an enhancement of economic benefits by increasing the net rental stream over the life of the property.

#### **Development interest**

Interest incurred on financing a development is capitalised up to the date of practical completion of the scheme.

#### Key judgements made in the application of accounting policies

a) The Categorisation of housing properties

In the judgement of the Management Committee the entirety of the Association's housing stock is held for social benefit and is therefore classified as Property, Plant and Equipment in accordance with FRS 102.

b) Identification of cash generating units

The Association considers its cash-generating units to be the entire housing portfolio in which it manages its housing property for asset management purposes.

c) Pension liability

In May 2024 the Association received details from the Pension Trust of its share of assets, liabilities, and scheme deficit. The Association has used this information as the basis of the pension defined benefit liability as disclosed in these accounts. The Management Committee consider this is the best estimate of their scheme liability.

#### Financial instruments - basic

The Association only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like rents, accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and related parties.

These are recognised in accordance with Section 11 of Financial Reporting Standard 102.

The Association's debt instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

ELDERPARK HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. Particulars of revenue, cost of sales, operating costs and operating surplus

	Operating surplus/ (deficit) £	1,552,339	(4,945) 1,547,394
	Operating costs	(6,021,150)	(6,189,877)
2023	Revenue	7,573,489	163,782
	Operating surplus/ (deficit)	1,310,619	(43,870)
	Operating costs	(6,297,541)	(6,612,973)
2024	Revenue	7,608,160	271,562
	Note	æ	4
		activities	SS
		Social letting activities	Other activities <b>Total</b>

#### 3. Particulars of income and expenditure from social lettings

	General needs	Supported	Shared		
	housing £	housing £	ownership £	2024 Total £	2023 Total £
Revenue from lettings Rent receivable net of identifiable service					
charges Service charges	6,102,728	¥	12,248	6,114,976	5,816,696
receivable	112,214	÷	704	112,918	111,439
Gross rents receivable	6,214,942	-	12,952	6,227,894	5,928,135
Less rent losses from voids	(36,852)	-	····	(36,852)	(59,107)
Net rents receivable	6,178,090	-	12,952	6,191,042	5,869,028
Amortisation of social housing & other grants Revenue grants from local authorities and	1,417,118		-	1,417,118	1,704,461
other agencies Other revenue grants	-	-	-	-	-
Total income from social letting	7,595,208		12,952	7,608,160	7,573,489
Expenditure on social letting activities Management and maintenance					
administration costs Service costs	2,285,943	¥	10,395 704	2,296,338 99,969	2,105,111
Planned and cyclical maintenance including	99,265	-	704	33,303	123,446
major repairs	624,987	-	-	624,987	406,923
Reactive maintenance Bad debts - rents and	816,834	-	-	816,834	1,019,545
service charges Depreciation of social	91,035	*	-	91,035	75,537
housing	2,349,101	¥	9,733	2,358,834	2,517,768
Loss/ (Gain) on disposal Operating costs of	9,544		<del>=</del>	9,544	(227,180)
social letting	6,276,709		20,832	6,297,541	6,021,150
Operating surplus/(deficit) on					
social letting activities	1,318,499	<u> </u>	(7,880)	1,310,619	1,552,339
2023	1,571,852		(19,513)	1,552,339	

ELDERPARK HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Particulars of income and expenditure from other activities

	Grants							Operating	Operating
	from	Other	Supporting			Operating	Operating	surplus/	surplus/
	Scottish	revenue	people	Other	Total	costs bad	costs	(deficit)	(deficit)
	Ministers	grants	income	income	turnover	debts	other	2024	2023
	щ	ч	Ħ	£	£	£	Æ	ч	Ψ.
Wider Role activities	115,000	49,113	t	1,830	165,943	ì	(196,791)	(30,848)	(59,426)
Factoring	1	1	1	35,424	35,424	1,124	(54,261)	(17,712)	(20,666)
Development and									
construction of property	30	Ĵ	•	í	ŧ	ii:	à	1	ı
Other activities	35,850	Ē.	<b>X</b>	34,345	70,195	1	(62,505)	4,690	75,147
Total from other activities	150,850	49,113	T.	71,599	271,562	1,124	(316,556)	(43,870)	(4,945)
Total from other activities for 2023	t	16,735	.0.	147,047	163,782	1	(168,727)	(4,945)	

#### 5. Board members and officers emoluments

The officers are defined in the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 as the members of the Management Committee, managers and employees of the Association.

No emoluments have been paid to any member of the management committee.

	2024 £	2023 £
Aggregate emoluments payable to officers with emoluments greater than $\pm 60,000$ (excluding pension contributions)	288,682	267,634
Emoluments payable to the director (excluding pension contributions)	84,764	80,986
Pension contributions paid on behalf of the director	10,172	9,664
Total emoluments paid to key management personnel	288,682	267,634
	Number	Number
Total number of officers, including the highest paid officer, who received emoluments (excluding pension contributions) over £60,000 was in the following ranges:		
£60,001 - £70,000 £70,001 - £80,000 £80,001 - £90,000	2 1 1	3 1

Payments made to board members during the year for reimbursement of expenses totalled £241 (2023 - £280).

#### 6. Employee information

	2024 £	2023 £
Staff costs during the year:	-	-
Wages and salaries	1,387,988	1,312,710
Social security costs	125,356	121,435
Other pension costs	147,129	133,986
Other pension costs	147,129	133,560
	1,660,473	1,568,131
	Number	Number
The average number of full time equivalent persons		
employed during the year was	32	28
employed during the year was		
The average total number of employees employed during		
the year was	36_	37_
7. Interest payable and similar charges		
	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	692,778	591,384
8. Surplus for the year		
	2024	2023
	£	£
Surplus is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible owned fixed assets	2,465,708	2,629,487
Auditors'	2,103,700	2,025,407
remuneration - audit services	16,800	15,780
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	42,286	121,918
Amortisation on disposal of	12/200	121,510
HAG	(32,742)	(349,098)
Amortisation of capital grants	(1,417,118)	(1,704,461)
Tanto Courton of Cupital Branto	(2) (2)	(=,, 5 ., .51)

#### 9. Tax on surplus on ordinary activities

The Association is a Registered Scottish Charity and is exempt from Corporation Tax on its charitable activities.

10. Non-current assets				
a) Housing Properties	Housing properties held for letting £	Housing properties under construction £	Completed shared ownership properties £	Total £
Cost				
At start of year	99,763,229	-	811,123	100,574,352
Additions	1,056,692	354,063	-	1,410,755
Disposals	(353,344)	-	-	(353,344)
Transfers between				
categories	324,449	-	(324,449)	-
At end of year	100,791,026	354,063	486,674	101,631,763
Depreciation				
At start of year	33,155,040	<b>3</b> .	367,433	33,522,473
Charged during year	2,349,101		9,733	2,358,834
Eliminated on disposal Transfers between	(311,058)	·=·	~	(311,058)
categories	146,974	æ	(146,974)	-
At end of year	35,340,057	-	230,192	35,570,249
Net book value				
At end of year	65,450,969	354,063	256,482	66,061,514
At start of year	66,608,189		443,690	67,051,879

Additions to Housing Properties includes Capitalised Development Administration Costs totalling £Nil (2023 - £Nil) and Capitalised Major Repair Costs of £779,159 (2023 - £1,796,368).

#### 10. Non-current assets (continued)

b) Other tangible assets	Heritable office	Fixtures, fittings &	
	property	equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At start of year	3,677,961	760,219	4,438,180
Additions	339	8,011	8,350
Disposals	-	-,	-
At end of year	3,678,300	768,230	4,446,530
At end of year	3,070,300	700,230	1,110,550
Depreciation			
At start of year	371,742	599,516	971,258
Charged during year	73,566	33,308	106,874
Disposals	73,300	33,300	100,074
At end of year	445,308	632,824	1,078,132
At end of year	443,308	032,824	1,078,132
Net book value			
	2 222 002	135,406	3,368,398
At end of year	3,232,992		
At start of year	3,306,219	160,703	3,466,922
11. Debtors			
		2024	2023
		£	2023 £
		£	L
Arrears of rent & service charges	3	370,711	363,507
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(2	82,525)	(198,762)
		88,186	164,745
			7
Other Debtors	8	311,165	172,620
	<del></del>	399,351	337,365

#### 12. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Harris I and	220.467	102.220
Housing loans	339,467	402,320
Trade payables	315,552	315,741
Rent in advance	194,372	237,951
Other payables	598,159	645,245
Accruals and deferred income	401,671	184,260
	1,849,221	1,785,517

#### 13. Creditors: Amounts falling due after one year

	2024 £	2023 £
Accruals Housing loans	1,300,247 12,754,270	1,098,980 13,050,609
riousing louris	14,054,517	14,149,589

All of the Association's bank borrowings are repayable on a monthly basis with the principal being amortised over the term of the loans.

2024	2023
£	£
346,071	411,368
5,995,514	6,229,054
6,412,685	6,410,187
12,754,270	13,050,609
	£ 346,071 5,995,514 6,412,685

The Association has a number of long-term housing loans, the terms and conditions of which are as follows:

		Effective		
Lender	Security	Interest Rate	Maturity	Variable/Fixed
RBS	Standard security over 4 properties	SONIA 1 1.45%	2040	Variable
RBS	Standard security over 133 properties	5.62%	2040	Fixed
RBS	Standard security over 114 properties	SONIA +1.45%	2040	Variable
Virgin Money	Standard security over 40 properties	5.53%	2026	Fixed
Allia	No standard security	3.30%	2027	Fixed
Charity Bank	Standard security over 35 properties	BASE + 1.75%	2042	Variable

#### 13. Creditors: Amounts falling due after one year (continued)

Four of the Association's bank borrowings are repayable in a monthly/quarterly basis with the principal being amortised over the terms of the loans. One loan is a bullet payment with capital and rolled up interest being paid on maturity. One is now interest only.

#### 14. Statement of cash flows

Reconciliation of operating surplus to balance as at 31 March 2024	2024	2023
	£	£
Operating surplus	1,266,749	1,547,394
Depreciation	2,465,708	2,629,487
Loss on disposal	42,286	121,918
Amortisation on disposal of HAG	(32,742)	(349,098)
Amortisation of capital grants	(1,417,118)	(1,704,461)
Change in debtors	(561,986)	(25,440)
Change in creditors	126,557	(188,798)
Movement in pension liability	13,000	(149,000)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	1,902,454	1,882,002

#### 15. Analysis of net debt

Reconciliation of net debt as at 31 March 2024	1 April 2023	Cash flows	Other changes	31 March 2024
	£	£	£	£
Cash at bank Housing loans due within one	4,062,556	345,842		4,408,398
year Housing loans due after one	(402,320)	359,192	(296,339)	(339,467)
year	(13,050,609)		296,339	(12,754,270)
	(9,390,373)	705,034	-	(8,685,339)

#### 16. Deferred income

	2024	2023
	£	£
Social housing grants		
Balance as at 1 April 2023	41,794,272	43,723,847
Additions in year	585,345	111,050
Recycled grant	-	*
Released / repaid as the result of property disposal	(32,742)	(349,098)
Amortisation in Year	(1,384,478)	(1,691,527)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	40,962,397	41,794,272
Other grants		
Balance as at 1 April 2023	807,657	820,591
Additions in year	5,269	
Amortisation in Year	(32,640)	(12,934)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	780,286	807,657
Total deferred grants	41,742,683	42,601,929
This is expected to be released to the Statement of Comprehens follows:	sive Income as	
Amounts due within one year	1,402,936	1,411,415
Amounts due in one year or more	40,339,747	41,190,514
	41,742,683	42,601,929
	- Complete C	

#### 17. Reserves

Share capital	2024	2023
Shares of £1 each issued and fully paid	£	£
At 1 April 2023	589	585
Issued in year	7	4
At 31 March 2024	596	589

Each member of the Association holds one share of £1 in the Association. These shares carry no rights to dividends or distributions on a winding up. When a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is cancelled and the amount paid thereon becomes the property of the Association. Each member has a right to vote at members' meetings.

Reserves		2024	2023
		£	£
At 1 April 2023 Surplus for year Other comprehensive inc At 31 March 2024	ome	16,121,098 696,546 (373,000) 16,444,644	15,465,953 995,145 (340,000) 16,121,098
18. Housing stock			
The number of units of acat the year end was:-	ccommodation in management	2024 No.	2023 No.
General needs	<ul><li>House</li><li>Tenement</li><li>Four in a block</li><li>Other flat/maisonette</li></ul>	172 1,101 8 64	172 1,097 8 62
Shared ownership		1,348	1,344

#### 19. Related party transactions

Members of the Management Committee are related parties of the Association as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 102. The related party relationships of the members of the Management Committee are summarised as:

- Members are tenants of the Association
- Members are factored owners
- Management Committee members cannot use their position to their advantage. Any transactions between
  the Association and any entity with which a Management Committee member has a connection with is
  made at arm's length and is under normal commercial terms.

Transactions with Management Committee members were as follows:

- Rent Received from Tenants on the Committee £19,536
- Factoring income received from Owner Occupiers in the Committee £Nil.
- At the year-end total rent arrears owed by the tenant members of the Committee were £45.
- At the year-end total rent arrears owed by Owner Occupiers of the Committee were Nil.

#### 20. Details of association

The Association is a Registered Society registered within the Financial Conduct Authority and is domiciled in Scotland.

The Association's principal place of business is 65 Golspie Street, Glasgow, G51 3AX.

The Association is a Registered Social Landlord and Scottish Charity that owns and manages social housing in Glasgow.

#### 21. Retirement benefit obligations

The company participates in the Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (the Scheme), a multiemployer scheme which provides benefits to some 150 non-associated employers. The Scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK.

The Scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

The last triennial valuation of the scheme for funding purposes was carried out as at 30 September 2021. This valuation revealed a deficit of £27m. A Recovery Plan was put in place to eliminate the deficit which ran to 30 September 2022.

The Scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore the company is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the Scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the Scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the Scheme.

For financial years ending on or before 28 February 2019, it was not possible for the company to obtain sufficient information to enable it to account for the Scheme as a defined benefit scheme, therefore the company has accounted for the Scheme as a defined contribution scheme.

For financial years ending on or after 31 March 2019, it is possible to obtain sufficient information to enable the company to account for the Scheme as a defined benefit scheme.

For accounting purposes, a valuation of the scheme is carried out with an effective date of 30 September each year. The liability figures from this valuation are rolled forward for accounting year-ends from the following 31 March to 28 February inclusive.

The latest accounting valuation was carried out with an effective date of 30 September 2022. The liability figures from this valuation were rolled forward for accounting year-ends from the following 31 March 2023 to 29 February 2024 inclusive.

The liabilities are compared, at the relevant accounting date, with the company's fair share of the Scheme's total assets to calculate the company's net deficit or surplus.

#### 21. Retirement benefit obligations (continued)

Present values of defined benefit obligation,

Fair value of assets and defined benefit asset (liability)

	31 March	31 March
	2024	2023
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Fair value of plan assets	4,731	4,752
Present value of defined benefit obligation	5,377	5,012
Surplus (deficit) in plan	(646)	(260)
Unrecognised surplus	-	-
Defined benefit asset (liability) to be recognised	(646)	(260)
Deferred tax	-	-
Net defined benefit asset (liability) to be recognised	(646)	(260)

#### Reconciliation of the impact of the asset ceiling

	Period from	Period from
	31 March	31 March
	2023 to 31	2022 to 31
	March 2024	March 2023
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Impact of asset ceiling at start of period	-	-
Effect of the asset ceiling included in net interest cost	-	
Actuarial losses (gains) on asset ceiling	12	.=:
Impact of asset ceiling at end of period	<u> </u>	1=4

### Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation

	Period from 31	Period from 31
	March 2023 to	March 2022 to
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	5,012	8,216
Current service cost	-	(8)
Expenses	8	7
Interest expense	241	220
Contributions by plan participants	~	8
Actuarial losses (gains) due to scheme experience	319	(774)
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in demographic assumptions	(33)	(117)
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in financial assumptions	=	(1,880)
Benefits paid and expenses	(170)	(660)
Liabilities acquired in a business combination	-	-
Liabilities extinguished on settlements	=	÷
Losses (gains) on curtailments	-	-
Losses (gains) due to benefit changes	-	-
Exchange rate changes	-	-
Defined benefit obligation at end of period	5,377	5,012

#### 21. Retirement benefit obligations (continued)

### Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of plan assets

assets		
	Period from	Period from
	31 March	31 March
	2023 to 31	2022 to 31
	March 2024	March 2023
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	4,752	8,147
Interest income	228	220
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest	(87)	(3,111)
income) - gain (loss)	(67)	(3,111)
Contributions by the employer	8	148
Contributions by plan participants	-	8
Benefits paid and expenses	(170)	(660)
Assets acquired in a business combination	-	-
Assets distributed on settlements	-	-
Exchange rate changes	-	-
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	4,731	4,752

The actual return on the plan assets (including any changes in share of assets) over the period from 31 March 2023 to 31 March 2024 was £141,000.

### Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income (SOCI)

income (Soci)		
	Period from 31	Period from 31
	March 2023 to	March 2022 to
	31 March	31 March
	2024	2023
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Current service cost	-	(8)
Expenses	8	7
Net interest expense	13	-
Losses (gains) on business combinations	-	-
Losses (gains) on settlements	=	*
Losses (gains) on curtailments	-	=
Losses (gains) due to benefit changes	-	-
Defined benefit costs recognised in statement of comprehensive income	21	(1)
(SoCI)	21	(1)

#### 21. Retirement benefit obligations (continued)

Reconciliation	of defined	benefit	pension	liability	(SOFP)
----------------	------------	---------	---------	-----------	--------

	Period from	Period from
	31 March	31 March
	2023 to 31	2022 to 31
	March 2024	March 2023
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Opening pension liability	260	69
Current service cost	-	(8)
Expenses	8	7
Net interest expense	13	=
Employer contributions	(8)	(148)
Acturarial loss / (gain)	373	340
Closing pension liability	646	260

### Defined benefit costs recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

(00)		
	Period from	Period from
	31 March	31 March
	2023 to 31	2022 to 31
	March 2024	March 2023
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) - gain (loss)	(87)	(3,111)
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities - gain (loss)	(319)	774
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	33	117
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	-	1,880
Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable) - gain (loss)	(373)	(340)
Effects of changes in the amount of surplus that is not recoverable (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) - gain (loss)	-	-
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income - gain (loss)	(373)	(340)

#### 21. Retirement benefit obligations (continued)

- ^	_	_	_	

	31 March 2024	31 Marc 202
	(£000s)	(£000s
Global Equity	544	12
Absolute Return	213	6
Distressed Opportunities	174	14
Credit Relative Value	167	18
Alternative Risk Premia	170	2
Emerging Markets Debt	83	3
Risk Sharing	284	34
Insurance-Linked Securities	29	13
Property	200	19
Infrastructure	453	5:
Private Equity	4	
Private Debt	190	2
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	188	2
High Yield	1	9
Opportunistic Credit	·-	
Cash	123	
Corporate Bond Fund	;-	
Liquid Credit	-	
Long Lease Property	35	1.
Secured Income	158	3
Liability Driven Investment	1,711	2,0
Currency Hedging	-2	
Net Current Assets	6	
Total Assets	4,731	4,75

None of the fair values of the assets shown above include any direct investments in the employer's own financial instruments or any property occupied by, or other assets used by, the employer.

Key assumptions

cy assumptions		
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	% per annum	% per annum
Discount Rate	4.89	4.88
Inflation (RPI)	3.17	3.20
Inflation (CPI)	2.77	2.74
Salary Growth	3.77	3.74
	75% of	75% of
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	maximum	maximum
	allowance	allowance

#### 21. Retirement benefit obligations (continued)

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2024 imply the following life expectancies:

expectancies.	
	Life
	expectancy at
	age 65
	(Years)
Male retiring in 2024	20.2
Female retiring in 2024	22.7
Male retiring in 2044	21.4
Female retiring in 2044	24.1

Assumptions in respect of discount rates and inflation will vary from year to year, as will the value of assets and will be dependent on circumstances at the date of valuation.

#### 22. Contingent liabilities

The pension withdrawal debt as at 30 September 2023 for Elderpark Housing Association Limited is £1,675,043.

We have been notified by the Trustee of the pension Scheme that it has performed a review of the changes made to the Scheme's benefits over the years and the result is that there is uncertainty surrounding some of these changes.

The Trustee has been advised to seek clarification from the Court on these items. This process is ongoing and that matter is unlikely to be resolved before the end of 2024 at the earliest. It is recognised that this could potentially impact on the value of Scheme liabilities, but until Court directions are received, it is not possible to calculate the impact of this issue, particularly on an individual employer basis, with any accuracy at this time.

No adjustment has been made in these financial statements in respect of this potential issue.

